ECC Decision (08)08

The harmonised use of GSM systems in the 900 MHz and 1800 MHz bands, UMTS systems in the 2 GHz band and LTE and 5G NR non-AAS systems in the 1800 MHz and 2.6 GHz (FDD) bands on board vessels[[1]](#footnote-2)

**approved 31 October 2008**

**latest updated 4 March 2022**

# explanatory memorandum

## INTRODUCTION

There is increasing demand to use mobile electronic communications from wherever you are located, including the use of GSM, UMTS, LTE or 5G NR terminals on board vessels. However, to ensure successful operation of systems which will facilitate this there is a need to establish a basis for the harmonised use of GSM, UMTS, LTE or 5G NR non-AAS systems on board vessels within Europe and to provide access to the required spectrum.

## BACKGROUND

This decision covers the radio regulatory aspects of operation of GSM, UMTS, LTE or 5G NR non-AAS systems on board vessels (GSMOBV, UMTSOBV, LTEOBV and 5GNROBV respectively) in the “territorial sea”, as defined in the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS, 1982 [3]), excluding internal waters, harbours, and ports. Regarding the usage of LTEOBV and 5GNROBV, this decision also covers operational and technical conditions outside territorial waters, between 12 NM and 41 NM.

The territorial sea is understood as being on the waterway side of the baseline, as illustrated below in Figure 1[[2]](#footnote-3).

**(a) INDENTED COASTLINE**

**(b) FRINGING ISLANDS**

Internal waters

Baseline

Territorial sea

≤12 NM

1. Illustration of baseline between internal waters and territorial sea (NM – nautical miles)

Maritime safety aspects (both technical and human factors related) are out of the scope of this Decision and fall under the responsibilities of the relevant maritime authorities.

The system under consideration in this Decision, (i.e. the equipment necessary to establish a GSM-900 and/or GSM-1800 MHz, a UMTS 2 GHz (1920-1980/2110-2170 MHz), a LTE 1800 MHz (1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz) and/or 2.6 GHz (2500-2570/2620-2690 MHz), a 5G NR non-AAS 1800 MHz (1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz) and/or 2.6 GHz (2500-2570/2620 2690 MHz) pico-cell[[3]](#footnote-4) system on board a vessel, “the System”), is intended to provide an interface to on board GSM, UMTS, LTE or 5G NR terminals providing the full range of services normally provided on a GSM, UMTS, LTE or 5G NR non-AAS network. The link between the System and other networks is out of the scope of this Decision.

There is a need for a harmonised approach to the System together with its harmonised use to ensure the provision of service whilst vessels cross territorial sea borders of various countries and to reduce the regulatory requirements placed on administrations, land-based network operators and vessels operators.

An agreed regulatory approach is required to ensure that the spectrum utilised by the System can be used in any territorial sea that the vessel is crossing, provided that the System conforms to agreed limits in order to prevent harmful interference to land networks.

For the purposes of this Decision only it is assumed that the responsibility for the authorisation of the spectrum utilised on board a vessel as part of the System should be that of the vessel flag state.

Seaworthiness certification of the System is the separate responsibility of the relevant maritime authorities for the vessel flag state.

## REQUIREMENT FOR AN ECC DECISION

There is a need for an ECC Decision to allow for the harmonised use of the MCV System in, and to permit access to, the frequency bands 880-915/925-960 MHz and 1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz, 1920-1980/2110-2170 MHz and 2500-2570/2620-2690 MHz.

# ECC Decision of 31 October 2008 on the harmonised use of GSM systems in the 900 MHz and 1800 MHz bands, UMTS systems in the 2 GHz band and LTE and 5G NR non-AAS systems in the 1800 MHz and 2.6 GHz (FDD) bands on board vessels (ECC/DEC/(08)08) amended 04 March 2016, updated on 30 June 2017 AND UPDATED ON 4 march 2022

“The European Conference of Postal and Telecommunications Administrations,

*considering*

1. that every state has sovereignty over its territorial sea, including the radio spectrum;
2. that the frequency bands 880-915/925-960 MHz, 1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz, 1920-1980/2110-2170 MHz and 2500-2570/2620-2690 MHz are allocated to the mobile service on a primary basis with other services in Region 1 in the ITU Radio Regulations [4];
3. that a system (i.e. the equipment necessary to establish a GSM-900 and/or GSM-1800 MHz, an UMTS 2 GHz, a LTE 1800 MHz and 2.6 GHz (FDD), a 5G NR non-AAS 1800 MHz and 2.6 GHz (FDD) pico-cell3 system on board a vessel, hereby designated as “the System”) will be able to provide mobile services on board vessels;
4. that within CEPT the frequency band 880-915/925-960 MHz and the frequency band 1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz have been designated for GSM, UMTS, LTE and 5G NR and, in order to implement technology neutrality, NB and WB MFCN systems;
5. that within CEPT the frequency band 1920-1980/2110-2170 MHz has been designated for MFCN including UMTS, LTE and 5G NR and the framework has been updated in order to implement technology neutrality (BEM);
6. that within CEPT the frequency band 2500-2570/2620-2690 MHz has been designated for MFCN including LTE and 5G NR and the framework has been updated in order to implement technology neutrality (BEM);
7. that no other systems than those initially designated (GSM, UMTS, LTE and 5G NR) by relevant ECC Decisions as appropriate, have been identified;
8. that in some European countries the frequency band 862-960 MHz is also allocated to aeronautical radionavigation services on a primary basis under RR 5.323;
9. that, provided the System is operated in accordance with the conditions set out in Annex 1, Annex 2 or Annex 3, it is not possible to connect to the System from a land based GSM/UMTS/LTE/5G NR terminal;
10. that, provided the System is operated in accordance with the conditions set out in Annex 1, Annex 2 or Annex 3, it is possible to ensure that there is no harmful interference to any other authorised system;
11. that the effect of the System can be confined to the vessel;
12. that, without prejudice to the requirements set out in Annex 1, Annex 2 and Annex 3, and taking into account the other authorised uses of spectrum, administrations may place additional geographic restrictions on the operation of the System in their territorial sea;
13. that for the purposes of this Decision the vessel is considered to be subject to the control of the vessel flag state and the System will only be used on board the vessel;
14. that accordingly responsibility for the authorisation of the spectrum utilised on board a vessel by the System will be that of the vessel flag state, in accordance with the authorisation regime of that state;
15. that the use of the relevant frequencies will be authorised by one administration but those frequencies could also be used within the territorial sea, excluding internal waters, ports and harbours, of other countries;
16. that the installation and use of the System on the vessel will be subject to regulation by the relevant national maritime authorities of the vessel flag state, and the System cannot be put into operation until it complies with these requirements, and in particular with those ensuring the proper operation of the safety systems on board the vessel;
17. that both the terminals and the communication link between the System and other networks are outside the scope of this Decision;
18. that all necessary measures should be taken to monitor that the System and its installation conform to the relevant technical parameters given in Annex 1, Annex 2 or Annex 3;
19. that, despite measures to ensure avoidance of harmful interference referred to in considering i), j), k), l) and r), it may remain necessary for administrations to assist each other with the resolution of reports of interference in a timely manner, in accordance with appropriate ITU procedures;
20. that ECC Report 122 [5] addresses the compatibility between GSM use on board vessels and land-based networks;
21. that ECC Report 237 [6] addresses the compatibility between UMTS on board vessels, LTE on board vessels and terrestrial mobile networks;
22. that ECC Report 336 [7] addresses the compatibility between 5G NR non-AAS on board vessels and terrestrial mobile networks;
23. that the maximum bandwidth used by the System is 5 MHz (duplex) by frequency band (1800 MHz or 2600 MHz bands);
24. that the System will not use Active Antenna Systems (AAS) for 5G NR;
25. that this Decision shall not impede EU/EFTA countries from fulfilling their obligations according to Community laws;
26. that the Decision is without prejudice to the right of “innocent passage”, as defined in the UN Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS, 1982 [3]);
27. that in EU/EFTA countries the radio equipment that is under the scope of this Decision shall comply with the Radio Equipment Directive (2014/53/EU [8]). Conformity with the essential requirements of the Directive or may be demonstrated by compliance with the applicable harmonised European standard(s) or by using the other conformity assessment procedures set out in the Directive.

*DECIDES*

1. that **administrations shall** allow the use of the GSM System on board vessels within their territorial sea, excluding internal waters, harbours and ports in the frequency bands 880-915/925-960 MHz and 1710 - 1785/1805-1880 MHz, provided that the System operator is authorised to operate the System (including the right to use the necessary spectrum) by the vessel flag state in accordance with that state’s authorisation regime and in accordance with the restrictions referred to in considering l);
2. that **administrations shall** allow the use of the UMTS System on board vessels within their territorial sea, excluding internal waters, harbours and ports in the frequency bands 1920-1980/2110-2170 MHz, provided that the System operator is authorised to operate the System (including the right to use the necessary spectrum) by the vessel flag state in accordance with that state’s authorisation regime and in accordance with the restrictions referred to in considering l);
3. that **administrations shall** allow the use of the LTE (5 MHz channel bandwidth only) System on board vessels within their territorial sea, excluding internal waters, harbours and ports in the frequency bands 1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz and/or 2500-2570/2620-2690 MHz, provided that the System operator is authorised to operate the System (including the right to use the necessary spectrum) by the vessel flag state in accordance with that state’s authorisation regime and in accordance with the restrictions referred to in considering l);
4. that **administrations shall** allow the use of the 5G NR non-AAS (5 MHz channel bandwidth only) System on board vessels within their territorial sea, excluding internal waters, harbours and ports in the frequency bands 1710-1785/1805-1880 MHz and/or 2500-2570/2620-2690 MHz, provided that the System operator is authorised to operate the System (including the right to use the necessary spectrum) by the vessel flag state in accordance with that state’s authorisation regime and in accordance with the restrictions referred to in considering l);
5. that the System shall not cause harmful interference to, or claim protection from, any other authorised system;
6. that the use of the System shall comply with the technical and operational requirements set out in Annex 1, Annex 2 and Annex 3 as relevant, otherwise it shall be switched off;
7. that this Decision **enters into force** on 04 March 2016;
8. that the preferred **date for implementation** of this Decision shall be 05 September 2016;
9. that CEPT **administrations shall** communicate the national measures implementing this Decision to the ECC Chairman and the Office when the Decision is nationally implemented;
10. that CEPT administrations shall communicate to the Office any additional measures supplementing this Decision in accordance with considering l), which shall be made publicly available on the Office web site (<https://www.cept.org>).

*Note:*

*Please check the Office documentation database* [*https://docdb.cept.org*](https://docdb.cept.org) *for the up to date position on the implementation of this and other ECC Decisions.*

1. Technical and operational requirements for gsm systems ONBOARD VESSELS)
   1. Description of the GSM system ONBOARD VESSELS (GSMOBV)

The GSM system onboard vessels (e.g. cruise liners, ferries, cargo ships), hereinafter referred to as “the GSM System”, enables onboard use of GSM terminals (v-MS) within the territorial sea as illustrated in the Background section of the Decision. GSM access onboard a vessel is to be provided by one or more pico-cell BTS (v-BS).

The System operates in the GSM-900 or GSM-1800 frequency band. The land-based GSM, UMTS, and/or LTE networks to be protected are those operating in frequency bands:

* 880-915 MHz (uplink)/925-960 MHz (downlink);
* 1710-1785 MHz (uplink)/1805-1880 MHz (downlink).
  1. Technical and operational REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SYSTEm

Any operation of the System within territorial sea shall comply with the following:

* the System shall be OFF between 0 and 2 NM from the baseline;
* The system outdoor antennas shall be OFF between 2 and 12 NM from the baseline[[4]](#footnote-5);
* DTX[[5]](#footnote-6) has to be activated on the System uplink;
* the timing advance[[6]](#footnote-7) value of v-BS must be set to minimum;
* all v-MS shall be controlled to use the minimum output power (5 dBm in 900 MHz and 0 dBm in 1800 MHz bands);
* Within 2-3 NM from the baseline the v-MS receiver sensitivity and the disconnection threshold (ACCMIN[[7]](#footnote-8) & min RXLEV[[8]](#footnote-9) level) shall be ≥-70 dBm/(200 kHz);
* Within 3-12 NM from the baseline the v-MS receiver sensitivity and the disconnection threshold (ACCMIN & min RXLEV level) shall be ≥-75 dBm/(200 kHz);
* the v-BS emissions from the indoor System antenna measured anywhere external to the vessel (i.e. at ship perimeter or on its open deck areas) shall not exceed -80 dBm/(200 kHz) (assuming a 0 dBi measurement antenna gain).

Note: For information on implementation of the technical measures described in this section, see ECC Report 122 [5].

1. Technical and operational requirements for UMTS systems ONBOARD VESSELS
   1. Description of the UMTS system ONBOARD VESSELS (UMTSOBV)

The System operates in the UMTS 2 GHz frequency band (1920-1980/2110-2170 MHz). The land-based UMTS and/or LTE networks to be protected are those operating in frequency band:

* 1920-1980 MHz (uplink)/2110-2170 MHz (downlink).
  1. Technical and operational REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SYSTEM

The compatibility between UMTS system on board vessels in the 1920-1980 MHz (uplink)/2110-2170 MHz (downlink) (the “System”) and land mobile network systems (UMTS and/or LTE) can be met under the following conditions:

* The System shall be OFF between 0 and 2 NM from the baseline;
* The System outdoor antennas shall be OFF between 2 and 12 NM from the baseline;
* The maximum bandwidth used by the System is 5 MHz (duplex);
* The maximum UE transmission power is limited to 0 dBm / 5 MHz;
* The quality criteria QRxLevMin is set to a value greater than or equals to -87 dBm/(5 MHz) between 2 and 12 NM;
* The indoor System antenna emission on deck is limited to -102 dBm/(5 MHz) (CPICH);
* The RRC inactivity timer of the System is set to 2 seconds;
* The timing advance value is set according to a cell range for the System distributed antenna system of 600m;
* The PLMN network selection timer is set to 10 minutes in the national water;
* The System carrier centre frequency shall not be aligned with land network carriers.

1. System specific values to protect land mobile networks systems   
   (UMTS and LTE in the 1920-1980 / 2110-2170 MHz bands)

| **System** | **On/off border (from baseline)** | **Outdoor antennas on/off**  **(from baseline)** | **On board vessels UE max tx power** | **Quality criteria QRxLevMin** | **Indoor on board BS emission limit on deck** | **RRC inactivity release timer** | **Cell range for the DAS (note 1)** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| UMTS  (2100 MHz) | 2 NM | 12 NM | 0 dBm/(5 MHz) | >= -87 dBm/(5 MHz) between 2 and 12 NM | - 102 dBm/(5 MHz) (CPICH) | 2 seconds | 600 m |
| Note: For information on implementation of the technical measures described in this section, see ECC Report 237 [6].  Note 1: The timing advance parameter has to be set according to the corresponding cell range. | | | | | | | |

1. Technical and operational requirements for LTE and 5G NR non-AAS systems ONBOARD VESSELS
   1. Description of the LTE/5g nr non-aas system ONBOARD VESSELS (LTEOBV and 5GNROBV)

The System operates in the LTE/5G NR non-AAS 1800 MHz (1710-1785 MHz (uplink)/1805-1880 MHz (downlink) or LTE/5G NR non-AAS 2600 MHz (2500-2570 MHz (uplink)/2620-2690 MHz (downlink) frequency bands. The land-based GSM, LTE and 5G NR networks to be protected are those operating in frequency bands:

* 1710-1785 MHz (uplink)/1805-1880 MHz (downlink);
* 2500-2570 MHz (uplink)/2620-2690 MHz (downlink).
  1. Technical and operational REQUIREMENTS FOR THE SYSTEM

The compatibility between LTE/5G NR non-AAS on board vessels in the 1800 MHz (1710-1785 MHz (uplink)/1805-1880 MHz (downlink)) and 2600 MHz (2500-2570 MHz (uplink) / 2620-2690 MHz (downlink)) (The “System”) and land network systems (GSM, LTE/5G NR for the 1800 MHz band an LTE/5G NR for the 2600 MHz band) can be met under the following conditions:

* The System shall be OFF between 0 and 4 NM from the baseline;
* The System outdoor antennas shall be OFF between 4 and 12 NM from the baseline;
* The maximum bandwidth used by the System is 5 MHz in 1800 MHz or 2600 MHz frequency bands;
* The maximum UE transmission power is limited to 0 dBm (PcMax);
* The quality criteria QRxLevMin is set to a value greater than or equals to -105 dBm/(15 kHz) (-83 dBm/(5 MHz)) between 4 and 12 NM from the baseline;
* The indoor System antenna emission on deck is limited to -120 dBm/(15 kHz) (-98 dBm/(5 MHz));
* The RRC inactivity timer of the System is set to 2 seconds;
* The timing advance value is set according to a cell range for the System distributed antenna system of 400 m;
* The PLMN network selection timer is set to 10 minutes in the national water;
* The System carrier centre frequency shall not be aligned with land network carriers.

In order to avoid a harmful interference from the System in the international waters (i.e. above 12 NM from the baseline) towards terrestrial mobile networks base stations, it is recommended to limit Tx power of UE connected to System in the bands 1800 MHz and 2600 MHz in accordance with the following formula:

UE Tx Power (dBm) = 2+(D-12)\*0.75

where:

* D is the distance from the baseline and 12<D<=41 NM.

This limitation could be included in the license granted by the flag state and the established procedure for complaint in case of interference, as contained in the ITU Radio Regulations [4] could be applied.

1. System specific values to protect land networks systems   
   (LTE and 5G NR non-AAS in the 1800 MHz band / LTE and 5G NR non-AAS in the 2600 MHz (FDD) band)

| **System** | **On/off border (from baseline)** | **Outdoor antennas on/off (from baseline)** | **On board UE max tx power** | **Quality criteria QRxLevMin** | **Indoor on board BS emission limit on deck** | **RRC inactivity release timer** | **Cell range for the DAS (note 1)** |
| --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- | --- |
| LTE  (1800 MHz and 2600 MHz) | 4 NM | 12 NM | 0 dBm (PcMax) | >= -105 dBm/(15 kHz)  (>= -83 dBm/(5 MHz))  between 4 and 12 NM from the baseline | -120 dBm/ (15 kHz)  (-98 dBm/ (5 MHz)) | 2 seconds | 400 m |
| 5G NR non-AAS  (1800 MHz and 2600 MHz) | 4 NM | 12 NM | 0 dBm (PcMax) | SSB channel:  >= -105 dBm/ (15 kHz) (note 2)  Data channel:  (>= -83 dBm/ (5 MHz))  between 4 and 12 NM from the baseline | SSB channel:  -120 dBm/ (15 kHz) (note 2)  Data channel:  (-98 dBm/ (5 MHz)) | 2 seconds | 400 m |
| Note 1: The timing advance parameter has to be set according to the corresponding cell range  Note 2: for SSB channel bandwidth other than 15 kHz, a conversion factor of 10\*log10(SSB BW/(15 kHz)) should be added.  Note: For information on implementation of the technical measures described in this section, see ECC Report 237 [6] and ECC Report 336 [7]. | | | | | | | |

1. list of references
2. Commission Decision of 19 March 2010 on harmonised conditions of use of radio spectrum for mobile communication services on board vessels (MCV services) in the European Union
3. Commission Implementing Decision (EU) 2017/191 of 1 February 2017 amending Decision 2010/166/EU, in order to introduce new technologies and frequency bands for mobile communication services on board vessels (MCV services) in the European Union
4. UN Convention on the Law of the Sea (UNCLOS), 1982
5. ITU Radio Regulations, Edition of 2020

1. [ECC Report 122](https://docdb.cept.org/document/230): “The compatibility between GSM use onboard vessels and land-based networks”, approved September 2008

1. [ECC Report 237](https://docdb.cept.org/document/343): “Compatibility study between wideband Mobile Communication services on board Vessels (MCV) and land-based MFCN networks”, approved July 2015
2. ECC Report 336: “Compatibility study between wideband Mobile Communication services operating 5G NR non-AAS system in 1800 MHz and 2.6 GHz bands on board Vessels (MCV) and land-based MFCN networks”, approved 4 March 2022
3. Directive 2014/53/EU of the European Parliament and of the Council of 16 April 2014 on the harmonisation of the laws of the Member States relating to the making available on the market of radio equipment and repealing Directive 1999/5/EC
4. ETSI TS 148 008 V16.0.0 (2020-09): “Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); Mobile Switching Centre - Base Station system (MSC-BSS) interface; Layer 3 specification (3GPP TS 48.008 version 16.0.0 Release 16)”
5. ETSI TS 148 018 V16.0.0 (2020-09): “Digital cellular telecommunications system (Phase 2+) (GSM); General Packet Radio Service (GPRS); Base Station System (BSS) - Serving GPRS Support Node (SGSN); BSS GPRS protocol (BSSGP) (3GPP TS 48.018 version 16.0.0 Release 16)”

1. Comparable technical specifications to those given in this ECC Decision concerning GSM, UMTS and LTE, are given in Commission Decisions 2010/166/EU [1] and 2017/191/EU [2]. EU Member States and, if so approved by the EEA Joint Committee, Iceland, Liechtenstein and Norway are obliged to implement the EC Decision. [↑](#footnote-ref-2)
2. The breadth of the territorial sea of a state may vary and be less than 12 NM. [↑](#footnote-ref-3)
3. Pico cells are cells, predominantly used indoors and in this case on the vessel. [↑](#footnote-ref-4)
4. See Background section of this Decision. [↑](#footnote-ref-5)
5. DTX (discontinuous transmission, as described in GSM standard 3GPP TS 148.008 [9]) [↑](#footnote-ref-6)
6. Timing advance (as described in GSM standard 3GPP TS 144.018 [10]) [↑](#footnote-ref-7)
7. ACCMIN (RX\_LEV\_ACCESS\_MIN, as described in GSM standard 3GPP TS 144.018) [↑](#footnote-ref-8)
8. RXLEV (RXLEV-FULL-SERVING-CELL, as described in GSM standard 3GPP TS 148.008) [↑](#footnote-ref-9)