CEPT/ERC/RECOMMENDATION 12-10 (The Hague 1998)

HARMONISED RADIO FREQUENCY ARRANGEMENTS FOR
DIGITAL SYSTEMS OPERATING IN THE BAND 48.5 GHz - 50.2 GHz

Recommendation proposed by the Working Group "Spectrum Engineering" (WGSE)

Text of the Recommendation adopted by the "European Radiocommunications Committee" (ERC):

The European Conference of Post and Telecommunications Administrations,

considering

1. that CEPT should develop radio frequency channel arrangements in consultation with organisations developing standards for radio systems, in order to make the most effective use of the spectrum available;

2. that the propagation characteristics of the band 48.5 GHz - 50.2 GHz are ideally suited to short range low and medium capacity digital fixed systems;

3. that the anticipated developments in telecommunications networks will require large numbers of short range links in the supporting infrastructure;

4. that any radio frequency channel arrangement should incorporate a provision for the future introduction of improved equipment standards,

noting

a) that Article S5 of the Radio Regulations allocates the band 48.5 GHz - 50.2 GHz on an equal primary basis to the Fixed, Fixed-Satellite and Mobile services. Sharing criteria between Fixed and Mobile, and Fixed and Fixed-Satellite services may be required;

b) that Article S5 of the Radio Regulations footnote S5.555 allocates the band 48.94 GHz - 49.04 GHz to the Radio Astronomy Service on a primary basis for spectral line observations. In making assignments to stations of other services in this band, administrations are urged to take all practical steps to protect the Radio Astronomy Service from harmful interference. ERC-Report 36 provides guidance on sharing between the radio astronomy and fixed services operating within Europe. The report states that a co-ordination zone with a 50 km radius should be suitable to protect the radio astronomy service in most European countries depending on the local terrain around a radio observatory;

c) that in some CEPT countries there are existing fixed systems that operate in bands contained within the band 48.5 GHz - 50.2 GHz on national channel arrangements and are not operating in accordance with the channel arrangements given in the Annex A;

d) in some CEPT countries the band 48.5 GHz - 50.2 GHz is not currently available for the Fixed Service.

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1 This Recommendation supersedes Recommendation 12-04 E (Stockholm 1995)

recommends

1) that CEPT Administrations which have the band 48.5 GHz - 50.2 GHz available for the Fixed Service should follow the recommended radio frequency arrangements for the band 48.5 GHz - 50.2 GHz given in Annex A;

2) that CEPT Administrations which have existing fixed service systems operating within the band 48.5 GHz - 50.2 GHz, not in accordance with recommends 1, may allow these systems to remain until the year 2008 and may determine on a national basis, the degree of protection given. Any international co-ordination that may be required between existing and new systems shall be in accordance with Article S11 of the Radio Regulations.
ANNEX A

DERIVATION OF RADIO FREQUENCY CHANNELS

The radio frequency channel arrangement for channel separations of 28 MHz, 14 MHz, 7 MHz and 3.5 MHz shall be derived as follows:

Let

- $f_r$ be the reference frequency of 49350 MHz (14100 x 3.5 MHz),
- $f_n$ be the centre frequency (MHz) of the radio-frequency channel in the lower half of the band,
- $f_n'$ be the centre frequency (MHz) of the radio-frequency channel in the upper half of the band,
- TX/RX separation $= 884$ MHz,
- Band separation $= 100$ MHz,

then the frequencies (MHz) of individual channels are expressed by the following relationships:

a) for systems with a channel separation of 28 MHz:
   - lower half of the band: $f_n = f_r - 848 + 28n$
   - upper half of the band: $f_n' = f_r + 36 + 28n$
     where $n = 1, 2, 3, \ldots 28$

b) for systems with a channel separation of 14 MHz:
   - lower half of the band: $f_n = f_r - 841 + 14n$
   - upper half of the band: $f_n' = f_r + 43 + 14n$
     where $n = 1, 2, 3, \ldots 56$

c) for systems with a channel separation of 7 MHz:
   - lower half of the band: $f_n = f_r - 837.5 + 7n$
   - upper half of the band: $f_n' = f_r + 46.5 + 7n$
     where $n = 1, 2, 3, \ldots 112$

d) for systems with a channel separation of 3.5 MHz:
   - lower half of the band: $f_n = f_r - 835.75 + 3.5n$
   - upper half of the band: $f_n' = f_r + 48.25 + 3.5n$
     where $n = 1, 2, 3, \ldots 224$
Calculated parameters according to ITU-R Rec. 746

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>XS MHz</th>
<th>n</th>
<th>f1 MHz</th>
<th>fn MHz</th>
<th>f'1 MHz</th>
<th>f'n MHz</th>
<th>Z1S MHz</th>
<th>Z2S MHz</th>
<th>YS MHz</th>
<th>DS MHz</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>28</td>
<td>1,...28</td>
<td>48530</td>
<td>49286</td>
<td>49414</td>
<td>50170</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>30</td>
<td>128</td>
<td>884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>14</td>
<td>1,...56</td>
<td>48523</td>
<td>49293</td>
<td>49407</td>
<td>50177</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>23</td>
<td>114</td>
<td>884</td>
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<tr>
<td>7</td>
<td>1,...112</td>
<td>48519.5</td>
<td>49296.5</td>
<td>49403.5</td>
<td>50182.5</td>
<td>19.5</td>
<td>19.5</td>
<td>107</td>
<td>884</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>3.5</td>
<td>1,...224</td>
<td>48517.75</td>
<td>49298.25</td>
<td>49401.75</td>
<td>50182.25</td>
<td>17.75</td>
<td>17.75</td>
<td>103.5</td>
<td>884</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

XS Separation between centre frequencies of adjacent channels
YS Separation between centre frequencies of the closest go and return channels
Z1S Separation between the lower band edge and the centre frequency of the first channel
Z2S Separation between centre frequencies of the final channel and the upper band edge
DS Duplex spacing (f'n - fn)
### Occupied spectrum: 48.5 to 50.2 GHz Band

#### TABLE 2

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Channel Type</th>
<th>Guard Band</th>
<th>Centre Gap</th>
<th>Guard Band</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td><strong>a)</strong> 28 MHz channels (3.5 MHz x 8)</td>
<td>16 MHz</td>
<td>100 MHz</td>
<td>16 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>28 x 28 MHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>28 x 28 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>b)</strong> 14 MHz channels (3.5 MHz x 4)</td>
<td>16 MHz</td>
<td>100 MHz</td>
<td>16 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>56 x 14 MHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>56 x 14 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>c)</strong> 7 MHz channels (3.5 MHz x 2)</td>
<td>16 MHz</td>
<td>100 MHz</td>
<td>16 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>112 x 7 MHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>112 x 7 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td><strong>d)</strong> 3.5 MHz channels (3.5 MHz x 1)</td>
<td>16 MHz</td>
<td>100 MHz</td>
<td>16 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>224 x 3.5 MHz</td>
<td></td>
<td>224 x 3.5 MHz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td>48.5 GHz</td>
<td>49.3 GHz</td>
<td>49.4 GHz</td>
</tr>
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